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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|--|-------------|-----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10/683,654 | 10/09/2003 | Anthony Joseph Aiello | STL 3264 | 1216 |
| 36521 | 7590 | 09/10/2004 | EXAMINER | |
| MOSER, PATTERSON & SHERIDAN LLP/ SEAGATE TECHNOLOGY LLC 595 SHREWSBURY AVENUE SUITE 100 SHREWSBURY, NJ 07702 | | | LE, DANG D | |
| | | ART UNIT | | PAPER NUMBER |
| | | 2834 | | |
| DATE MAILED: 09/10/2004 | | | | |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|--|
| Office Action Summary | Application No. | Applicant(s) | |
| | 10/683,654 | AIELLO ET AL. | |
| | Examiner | Art Unit | |
| | Dang D Le | 2834 | |

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 01 July 2004.
- 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-18 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) 17 and 18 is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 1-16 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____.
 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____. 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
 6) Other: _____.

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments filed 7/1/04 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The applicant's argument is on the ground that "Leuthold et al. does not disclose or suggest a fluid dynamic bearing motor including a grooved corner bearing comprising first and second grooved surfaces at an angle to each other on a corner to form a single groove pattern over the corner". Figure 1 of Leuthold et al. clearly shows a fluid dynamic bearing motor including a grooved corner bearing comprising first and second grooved surfaces at an angle to each other on a corner to form a single groove pattern over the corner (clockwise direction) in order for fluid pumped toward the corner (Figure 5A).

In response to applicant's argument that the examiner's conclusion of obviousness is based upon improper hindsight reasoning, it must be recognized that any judgment on obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based upon hindsight reasoning. But so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill at the time the claimed invention was made, and does not include knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure, such a reconstruction is proper. See *In re McLaughlin*, 443 F.2d 1392, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971).

In response to applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by

combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See *In re Fine*, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988) and *In re Jones*, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, the motivation to combine is clearly identified below.

In addition, references may be combined although none of them explicitly suggests combining one with the other. *In re Nilssen*, 7 USPQ2d 1500 (Fed. Cir. 1989).

As a result, the rejection is still deemed proper and repeated herein after.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

3. Claims 1, 2, and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Leuthold et al. (5,977,674).

Regarding claim 1, Leuthold et al. show a fluid dynamic bearing motor (Figure 4A-5B) comprising an inner and outer member defining a gap therebetween, and supported for relative rotation by a grooved corner bearing facing the gap comprising first and second adjacent grooved surfaces (Figures 4B and 5B) at an angle to each other at a corner to form a single groove pattern over the corner (clockwise direction,

Figure 1), the grooved surfaces configured to pump fluid in the gap toward the corner (arrows 99 and 109, Figure 5A).

Regarding claims 2 and 9, it is noted that Leuthold et al. also show all of the limitations of the claimed invention.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

6. Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Leuthold et al. in view of Kataoka et al. (5,223,758).

Regarding claim 3, Leuthold et al. show all of the limitations of the claimed invention except for a magnetic bias circuit for maintaining relative axial positioning.

Kataoka et al. show a magnetic bias circuit (Figures 1-3) for maintaining relative axial positioning for the purpose of adjusting the load.

Since Leuthold et al. and Kataoka et al. are all from the same field of endeavor; the purpose disclosed by one inventor would have been recognized in the pertinent art of the others.

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to include a magnetic bias circuit for maintaining relative axial positioning as taught by Kataoka et al. for the purpose discussed above.

7. Claims 4-8 and 10-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Leuthold et al. in view of Ichiyama (6,066,903).

Regarding claim 4, Leuthold et al. show all of the limitations of the claimed invention except for at least one of the grooved surfaces comprising at least one relief extending through the grooved portion of the surface.

Ichiyama shows at least one of the grooved surfaces comprising at least one relief (48, 50) extending through the grooved portion of the surface for the purpose of equalizing gas pressure.

Since Leuthold et al. and Ichiyama are all from the same field of endeavor; the purpose disclosed by one inventor would have been recognized in the pertinent art of the others.

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to include at least one relief extending through the grooved portion of the surface as taught by Ichiyama for the purpose discussed above.

Regarding claims 5-8 and 10-14, it is noted that Leuthold et al. and Ichiyama also show all of the limitations of the claimed invention including a single groove pattern over the corner (clockwise direction, Figure 1).

8. Claims 15 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Leuthold et al. in view of Heine et al. (6655841).

Regarding claim 15, Leuthold et al. show all of the limitations of the claimed invention except for the plates at both ends of the shaft and common apex.

Heine et al. shows the plates (Figure 2) at both ends of the shaft and common apex for the purpose of making a conical bearing.

Since Leuthold et al. and Heine et al. are all from the same field of endeavor; the purpose disclosed by one inventor would have been recognized in the pertinent art of the others.

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to use plates at both ends of the shaft as taught by Heine et al. for the purpose discussed above.

Regarding claim 16, it is noted that Leuthold et al. and Heine et al. also show all of the limitations of the claimed invention.

Conclusion

9. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Information on How to Contact USPTO

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dang D Le whose telephone number is (571) 272-2027. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nestor Ramirez can be reached on (571) 272-2034. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

9/5/04



DANG LE
PRIMARY EXA